

AOL1440
N-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor
General Description

The AOL1440 uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent $R_{DS(ON)}$, shoot-through immunity and body diode characteristics. This device is ideally suited for use as a low side switch in CPU core power conversion.

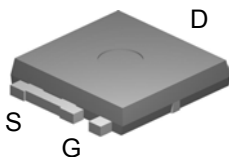
- RoHS Compliant
- Halogen and Antimony Free Green Device*

Features

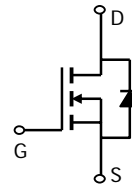
V_{DS} (V) = 25V
 I_D = 75A (V_{GS} = 10V)
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 3.2m\Omega$ (V_{GS} = 20V)
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 4.0m\Omega$ (V_{GS} = 12V)
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 5.2m\Omega$ (V_{GS} = 10V)

UIS Tested
 Rg, Ciss, Coss, Crss Tested

Ultra SO-8™ Top View



Bottom tab
connected to
drain


Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

| Parameter | Symbol | Maximum | Units |
|--|----------------|---------------------------|------------------|
| Drain-Source Voltage | V_{DS} | 25 | V |
| Gate-Source Voltage | V_{GS} | ± 30 | V |
| Continuous Drain Current ^{B,G} | I_D | $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}^G$ | 85 |
| | | $T_C=100^\circ\text{C}^B$ | 66 |
| Pulsed Drain Current | I_{DM} | 200 | A |
| Continuous Drain Current ^G | I_{DSM} | $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ | 21 |
| | | $T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$ | 17 |
| Avalanche Current ^C | I_{AR} | 30 | A |
| Repetitive avalanche energy $L=0.3\text{mH}^C$ | E_{AR} | 135 | mJ |
| Power Dissipation ^B | P_D | $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$ | 75 |
| | | $T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$ | 37 |
| Power Dissipation ^A | P_{DSM} | $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ | 2.3 |
| | | $T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$ | 1.4 |
| Junction and Storage Temperature Range | T_J, T_{STG} | -55 to 175 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |

Thermal Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Typ | Max | Units |
|--|-----------------|---------------------|-----|--------------------|
| Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A | $R_{\theta JA}$ | $t \leq 10\text{s}$ | 19 | $^\circ\text{C/W}$ |
| Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A | | Steady-State | 45 | $^\circ\text{C/W}$ |
| Maximum Junction-to-Case ^C | $R_{\theta JC}$ | 1.5 | 2 | $^\circ\text{C/W}$ |

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|-----|----------|--------|------------------|
| STATIC PARAMETERS | | | | | | |
| BV_{DSS} | Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage | $I_D=250\mu\text{A}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ | 25 | | | V |
| I_{DSS} | Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current | $V_{DS}=20\text{V}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$ | | 0.005 | 1 5 | μA |
| I_{GSS} | Gate-Body leakage current | $V_{DS}=0\text{V}$, $V_{GS}=\pm 30\text{V}$ | | | 100 | nA |
| $V_{GS(th)}$ | Gate Threshold Voltage | $V_{DS}=V_{GS}$, $I_D=250\mu\text{A}$ | 2 | 3 | 4 | V |
| $I_{D(ON)}$ | On state drain current | $V_{GS}=12\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=5\text{V}$ | 200 | | | A |
| $R_{DS(ON)}$ | Static Drain-Source On-Resistance | $V_{GS}=20\text{V}$, $I_D=20\text{A}$ | | 2.7 | 3.2 | $\text{m}\Omega$ |
| | | $V_{GS}=12\text{V}$, $I_D=20\text{A}$ | | 3.5 | 4 | $\text{m}\Omega$ |
| | | $V_{GS}=10\text{V}$, $I_D=20\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$ | | 4 5.6 | 5.2 | $\text{m}\Omega$ |
| g_{FS} | Forward Transconductance | $V_{DS}=5\text{V}$, $I_D=20\text{A}$ | | 75 | | S |
| V_{SD} | Diode Forward Voltage | $I_S=1\text{A}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ | | 0.7 | 1 | V |
| I_S | Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current | | | | 55 | A |
| DYNAMIC PARAMETERS | | | | | | |
| C_{ISS} | Input Capacitance | $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=12.5\text{V}$, $f=1\text{MHz}$ | | 2100 | 2400 | pF |
| C_{OSS} | Output Capacitance | | | 850 | | pF |
| C_{RSS} | Reverse Transfer Capacitance | | | 400 | | pF |
| R_g | Gate resistance | $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=0\text{V}$, $f=1\text{MHz}$ | | 0.35 | 1 | Ω |
| SWITCHING PARAMETERS | | | | | | |
| $Q_g(12\text{V})$ | Total Gate Charge | $V_{GS}=10\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=12.5\text{V}$, $I_D=20\text{A}$ | | 40 | 50 | nC |
| $Q_g(10\text{V})$ | Total Gate Charge | | | 33 | | nC |
| Q_{gs} | Gate Source Charge | | | 11 | | nC |
| Q_{gd} | Gate Drain Charge | | | 14 | | nC |
| $t_{D(on)}$ | Turn-On Delay Time | $V_{GS}=10\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=12.5\text{V}$, $R_L=0.68\Omega$, $R_{GEN}=3\Omega$ | | 12 | | ns |
| t_r | Turn-On Rise Time | | | 19 | | ns |
| $t_{D(off)}$ | Turn-Off Delay Time | | | 15 | | ns |
| t_f | Turn-Off Fall Time | | | 8.5 | | ns |
| t_{rr} | Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time | $I_F=20\text{A}$, $dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ | | 42 | | ns |
| Q_{rr} | Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge | $I_F=20\text{A}$, $dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ | | 34 | | nC |

A: The value of $R_{\theta JA}$ is measured with the device in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$.

B: The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(MAX)}=175^\circ\text{C}$, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(MAX)}=175^\circ\text{C}$.

D: The $R_{\theta JA}$ is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case $R_{\theta JC}$ and case to ambient.

E: The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using $<300\mu\text{s}$ pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F: These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of $T_{J(MAX)}=175^\circ\text{C}$.

G: The maximum current rating is limited by bond-wires.

H: These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in 2 FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

* This device is guaranteed green after date code 8P11 (June f^T 2008)

Rev1. June 2008

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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

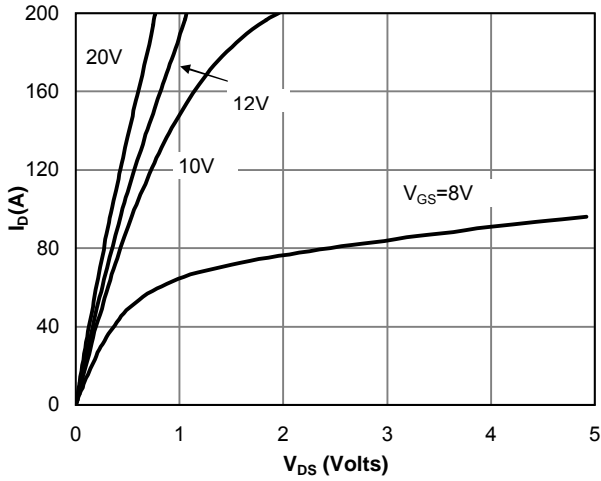


Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics

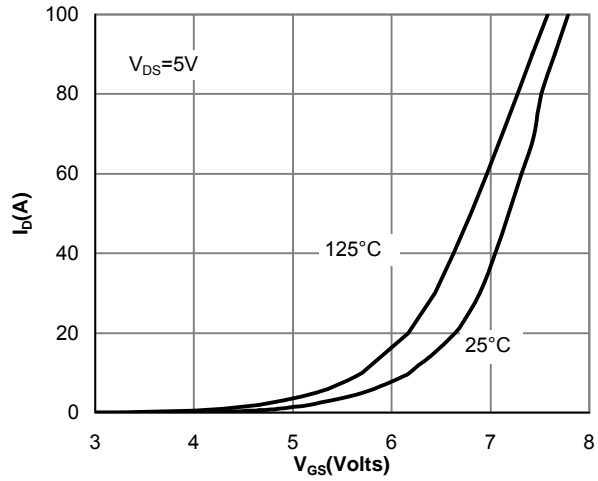


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

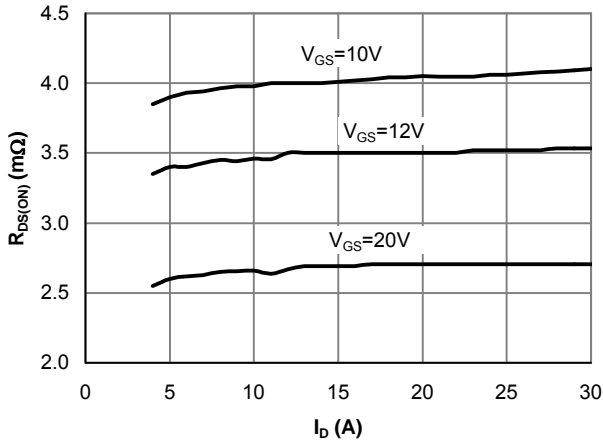


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

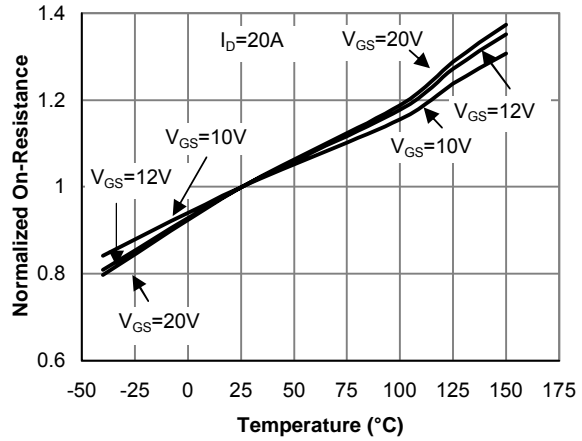


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

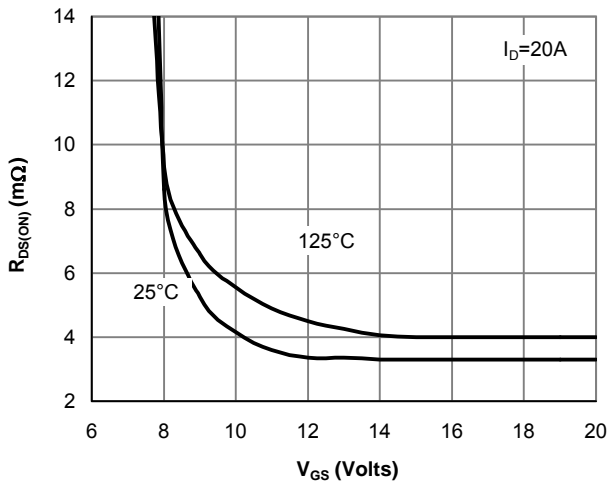


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

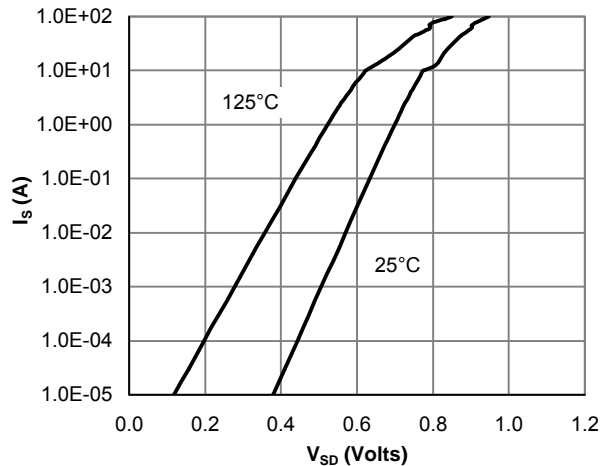


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

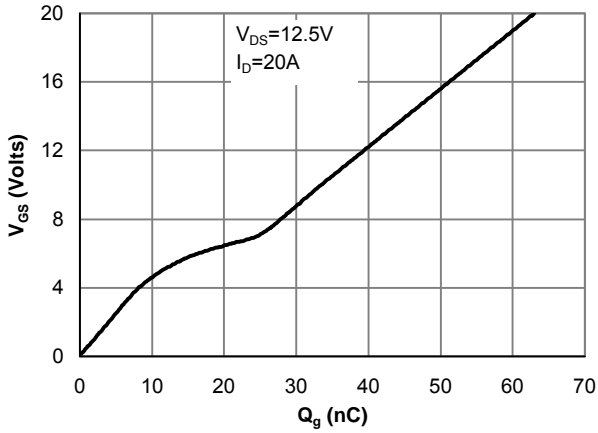


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

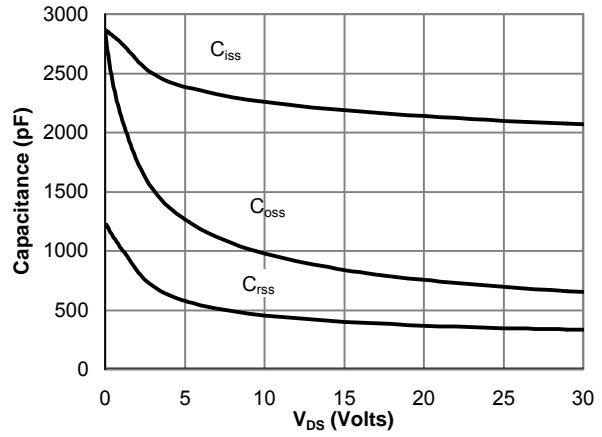


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

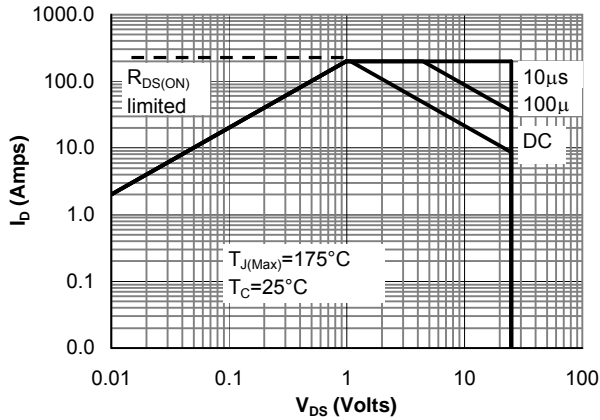


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)

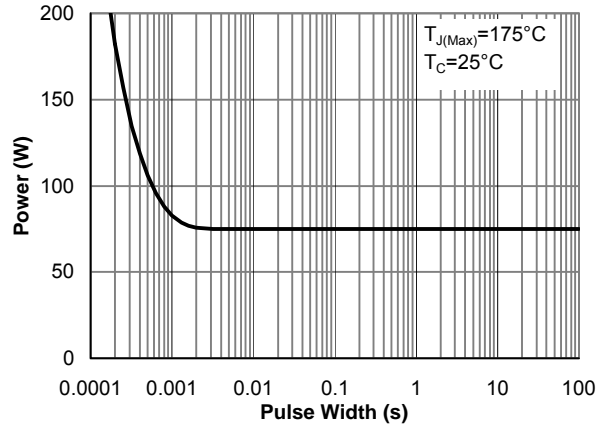


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Case (Note F)

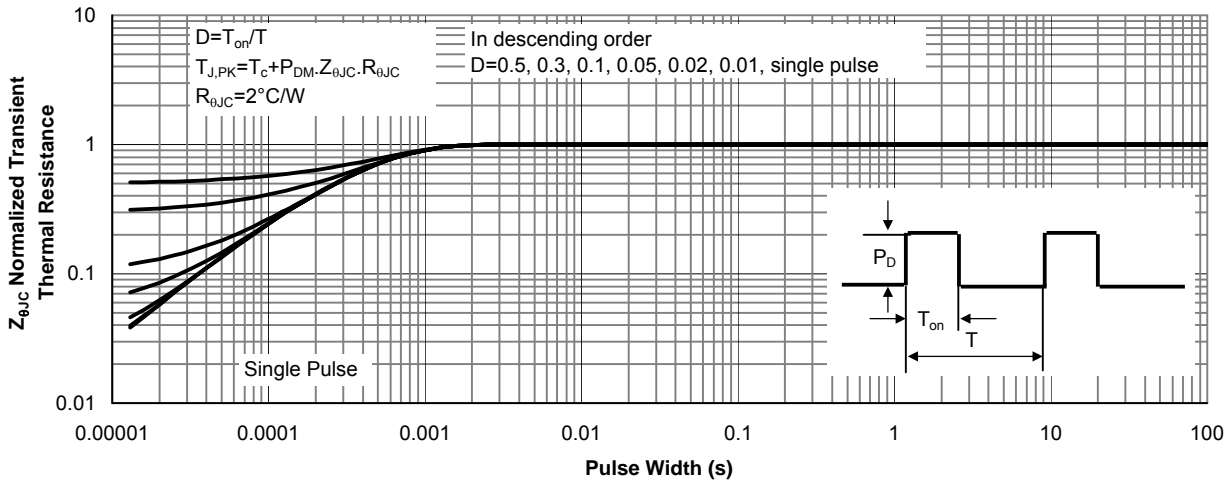


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

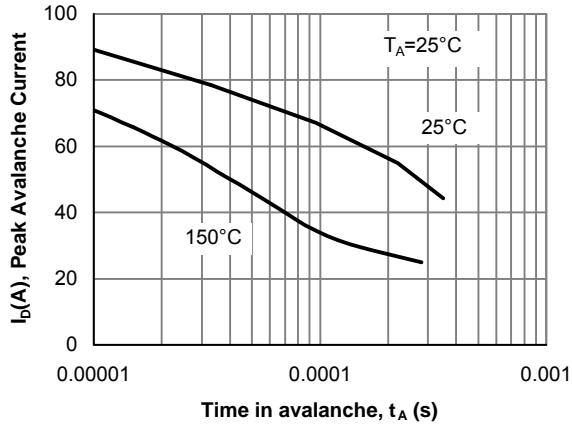


Figure 12: Single Pulse Avalanche capability

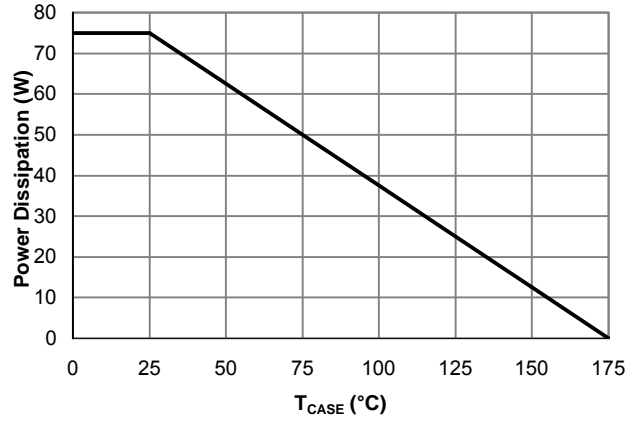


Figure 13: Power De-rating (Note B)

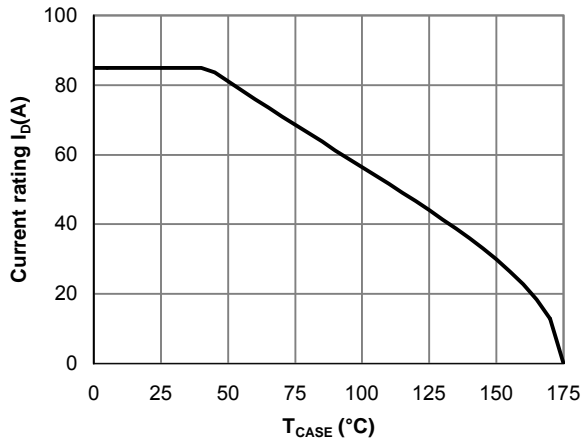


Figure 14: Current De-rating (Note B)

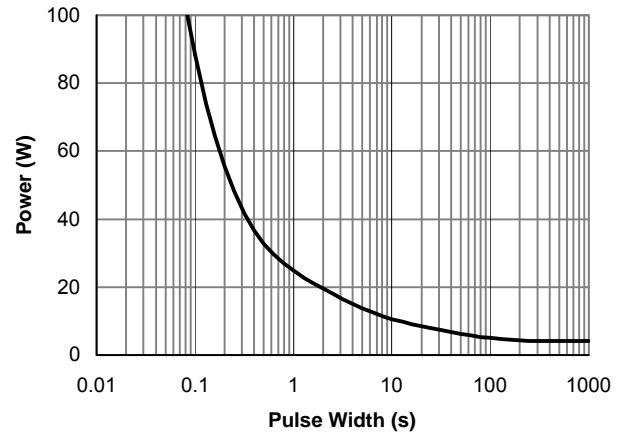


Figure 15: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)

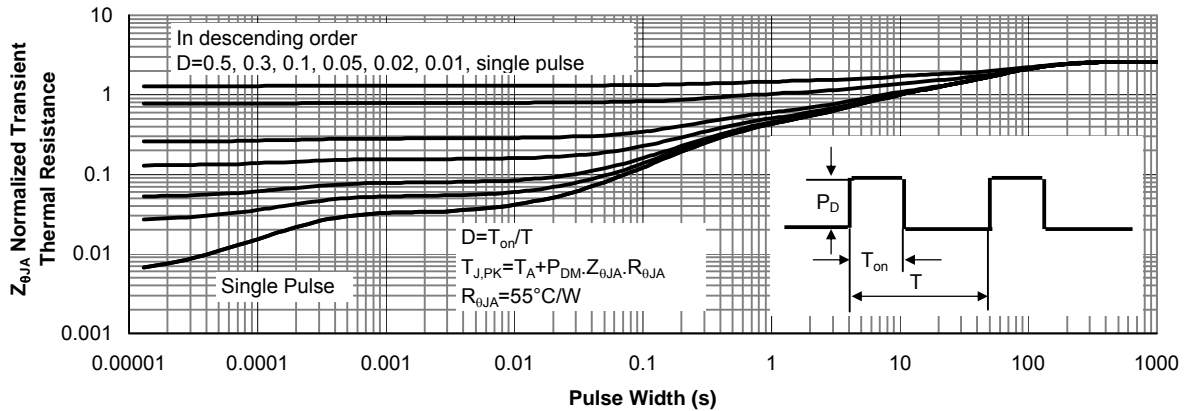
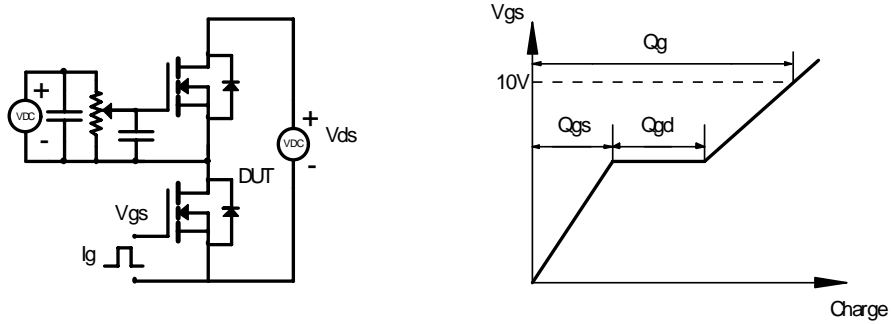
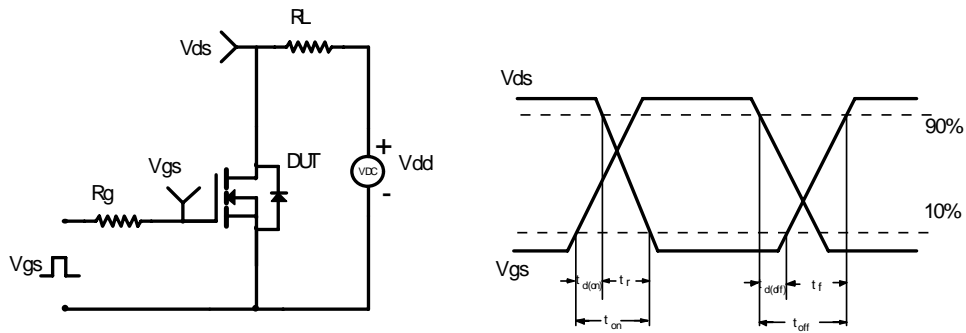


Figure 16: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H)

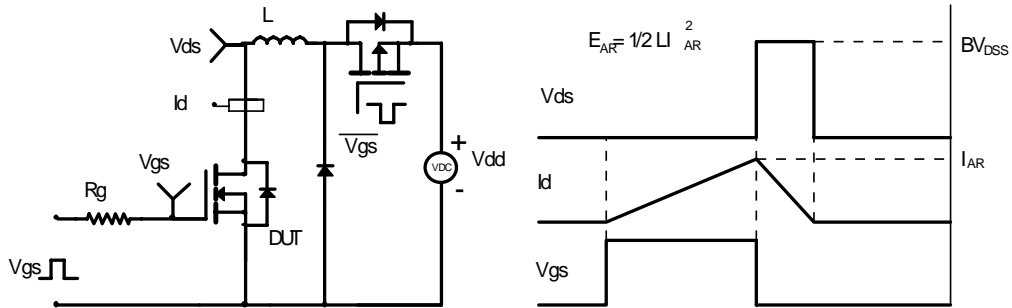
Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms



Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

